BALANCE SYSTEM SD

OPERATION/SERVICE MANUAL

950-300
950-302
950-304
This manual covers installation and operation procedures for the following products:

- #950-300 System, Balance SD, 115 VAC
- #950-302 System, Balance SD, 230VAC
- #950-304 System, Balance SD, 100V Japanese

**NOTE:** The following symbol on your Biodex Balance System corresponds to this operation manual:

- Symbol Meaning: attention, consult accompanying documents
- Symbol Signification: Attention, se référer à la notice
- CAUTION: Federal law restricts this device to sale or on the order of a medical practitioner. When prescribed for therapeutic purpose, a physician should clearly define the parameters of use (i.e., total work, maximum heart rate, etc.) to reduce the risk of patient injury.
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# 1. INTRODUCTION

![Biodex Balance System SD primary components and adjustment mechanisms.](image)

*Figure 1.1: The Biodex Balance System SD primary components and adjustment mechanisms.*
Featuring four test protocols, five training modes and intuitive “touch-screen” operation, the Balance System SD allows testing and training in both static and dynamic formats. Extremely versatile, it is the only system that provides fast, accurate Fall Risk Assessment and Conditioning for older adults plus closed-chain, weight-bearing assessment and training for lower extremity patients.

Using this unique device, clinicians can assess neuromuscular control by quantifying the ability to maintain dynamic bilateral and unilateral postural stability on a static or unstable surface. Use any of four test protocols including fall risk, athletic single leg stability, limits of stability and postural stability. The Balance System SD also serves as a valuable training device to enhance kinesthetic abilities that may provide some degree of compensation for impaired proprioceptive reflex mechanisms following injury.

An easy to follow touch-screen format makes the system simple to learn and operate, leading the user step-by-step through testing protocols and training modes. All test results and training sessions are documented on easy to read 8.5” x 11” reports which can be placed into the patient’s file. Comparisons to normative data can be made for population-specific tests using the Fall Screening and Athlete Single Leg Stability protocols.
2. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions:
Base: 30" w x 44" depth x 8" h (76 x 112 x 20 cm)
Platform: 21.5" dia (55 cm)
Display Height: Adjustable from 53" to 68" h above platform (135 x 173 cm); 76" h (193 cm) maximum from floor.

Support Rails: Adjustable from 25" to 36.5" above platform (64 to 93 cm).
Rails can swing away from platform when not in use.

Platform Tilt: 20 degrees from horizontal in all directions

Stability Levels: Twelve levels, plus locked for static measurements

Game Port: Simulates joystick output suitable for an IBM PC compatible game port

Color Touch-Screen Display:
Viewing Area: 6.6" w x 5" h (168 x 127 mm)
Resolution: 800 pixels x 600 pixels
Accuracy: +/- 1 degree of tilt
Angle: Adjustable from vertical back to approximately 45 degrees

Printer: HP DeskJet

Printer Stand: 24" x 24" (61 x 61 cm)

Patient Capacity: Up to 400 lb (136 kg)

Weight: 196 lb (89 kg)

Power: 115 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 15 amp line or 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 15 amp line

Power Rating: 350 watts

Certification: ETL listed to UL 2601-1 and cETL listed to CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 601-1-M90, IEC 60601-1

Warranty: 2-years parts, 1-year labor
The Biodex Balance System SD is shipped in a single carton. Except for the printer, which the user must install as explained below, the entire system is factory assembled and ready to operate.

If desired, the system can be configured for IBM computer compatibility, allowing the foot plate to be used like a joystick for interactive video game use. Joystick options are discussed in the System Utilities chapter.

**PRINTER INSTALLATION**  
*(See Figures 3.1 and 3.2)*

**NOTE:** It may be necessary to have the help of another person to steady the printer during the following procedure.

1. Refer to the supplied printer manual to unpack the printer and ensure that it has not been damaged by shipping.

2. Position the printer on the printer stand as shown.

3. Locate the black printer power cable. Plug the small end into the power receptacle on the back of the printer. Do not connect any other equipment to this receptacle.

4. Plug the AC plug end of the power cable into power cable port on the back, lower base of the Balance System.

5. Locate the white USB cable. Connect one end of the cable to the USB port on back of the Balance System display. Connect the other end of the cable to the USB port at the back of the printer directly above the power cable port.

6. Ensure both cables are positioned so that they will not interfere with the patient or get caught in the Balance System platform or handles.

7. Insert several sheets of paper into the printer paper holder. Insert the paper holder into the top of the printer so that the open end interlocks with the printer and the paper faces out toward you.

8. With power ON to the Balance System, press the <Power ON> switch on the printer. Ensure the printer’s green Ready LED comes on to indicate the printer is receiving power. Refer to the supplied printer manual for additional printer information.
Figure 3.1. The printer power cable should be plugged into the AC receptacle on the rear base of the display support post. The printer USB cable should be plugged into the USB port on back of the display.

Figure 3.2. Connect the power cable and USB cable to the rear of the printer.
PARTS AND ADJUSTMENTS
(See Figure 3.3.)

Mechanical adjustments to the Biodex Balance System are straightforward and uncomplicated. In fact, there are only three adjustments that need be addressed to accommodate any patient: Support Handle Position, Display Height and Display Tilt. All other test and exercise functions are software controlled.

To Adjust the Support Handle:

1. To position the Support Handle for patient use, hold the Support Handle while pulling out on the Support Handle Release Pin. Rotate the handle to the desired position. Release the pin to lock the Support Handle in place.

2. To release the Support Handle so that it cannot be used by the patient, hold the handle while pulling out on the Support Handle Release Pin. Fully lower the handle, then release the pin.

Ajustement de l'appui

1. Pour régler l’angle de l’appui, le tenir tout en tirant sur le verrou. Trouver la position voulue, relâcher le verrou pour garder la position ainsi trouvée.

2. Pour écarter l’appui, le baisser tout en tirant sur le verrou.

To Adjust the Display Height:

1. Loosen the Display Height Locking Knob.

2. Pull up or push down on the display until the desired height is achieved.

3. Tighten the locking knob to secure the display in the desired position.

NOTE: Position the display so that the patient can look straight at it. This will help ensure good posture during the test or exercise session.

Pour ajuster la hauteur de l’écran

1. Desserrer la mollette de réglage de hauteur.

2. Déplacer l’écran à la hauteur voulue.

3. Serrer la mollette.

To Adjust the Display Tilt:

1. Simply tilt the Display as required by patient or testing/exercise protocol.

Ajustement de l’inclinaison de l’écran

Figure 3.3. Balance System adjustment mechanisms.
4. CLINICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Prior to allowing any patient to use this device, make certain to read and comprehend this entire manual. Ensure that you are completely familiar with all aspects of adjustment, training and testing, as well as patient history. Be sure to adhere to the following clinical guidelines at all times when using this system.

NOTE: Never allow a patient to use the Balance System while unsupervised.

CONSIDERATIONS CLINIQUES

NOTA: Ne jamais laisser un patient sans surveillance sur le système de stabilité.

GENERAL CLINICAL CONSIDERATIONS
1. All users should have a verbal understanding of the Balance System prior to stepping on the device.

2. To ensure patient safety, begin each session with the balance platform in the "locked" or static position.

NOTE: The Balance System automatically places the platform in the locked position when the unit is turned ON, or after a time period of three minutes when the system is not in use.

3. Adjust support rail and biofeedback display for patient comfort and safety.

4. When dealing with post-operative patients, ensure they possess adequate muscular control to stabilize the joint prior to placing them on the foot platform. Inadequate muscular control could lead to increased joint translation.

5. When patients are working with their eyes closed, ensure that a clinician is ready to assist in case of loss of balance or use the optional patient support stand.

6. Since the entire lower extremity is required to work to stabilize the balance device, ensure that supporting structures above and below the joint are adequately strengthened prior to beginning rehabilitation on this device.

7. For optimal operation, ensure the patient is standing in the center of the platform.

8. Patients should progress from "hands-on" to "hands-off" the support handle. This will ensure that new or unstable patients have an adequate understanding of the Balance System and will help protect the patient against sudden or unexpected movement of the platform.

9. Position the display so that the patient can look straight at it. This will help ensure good posture during the test or exercise session.

10. There is a learning curve that must be considered when testing with this device. Clinical research suggests three trials be performed prior to testing. For dynamic balance testing, the "default settings" are preselected with three trials per side. This should assist with the learning curve and better average the data.
CONSIDERATIONS CLINIQUES GENERALES
1. Tout patient doit comprendre les principes du système de stabilité avant de s’y mettre.

2. Démarrer toutes les séances avec le plateau en position bloquée.

NOTA: Lors de la mise sous tension, le système de stabilité se met automatiquement en position bloquée. De la même façon, si le système n’est pas utilisé pendant un intervalle de 3 minutes, il se bloque.


4. Pour des patients post-opératoires, vérifier avant de les faire monter sur le plateau qu’ils sont capables de stabiliser leurs articulations. Un contrôle insuffisant pourrait les mettre à risque.

5. Si les patients travaillent les yeux fermés, il faut se tenir prêt à les aider ou mettre en place l’appui.

6. Puisque l’utilisation du plateau de stabilité sollicite toutes les articulations de l’extrémité, s’assurer que les cicatrisations sont suffisamment avancées pour supporter l’exercice.

7. Les résultats sont meilleurs avec le patient placé au milieu du plateau.

8. Les patients doivent démarrer avec l’appui et apprendre progressivement à ne plus s’en servir. De cette façon les patients développent leur compréhension du plateau de stabilité en minimisant les risques.

9. La courbe d’apprentissage du système peut influencer les résultats d’un examen. La littérature clinique suggère qu’il faut réaliser trois examens à blanc avant de faire un examen définitif.


ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR FALL PREVENTION PROGRAMS
In addition to the above, the following considerations should also be considered when working with patients in a fall prevention program.

1. It is strongly recommended that the Biodex Unweighing System be used in conjunction with balance training/testing.

NOTE: The Biodex Unweighing System is intended to assist the patient who has balance deficits. Clinicians should not rely on this device to prevent falls.

2. Since the Biodex Balance System allows up to 20-degrees of surface tilt, begin with static or stability level 12 and progress as tolerated.

NOTE: The static setting is most stable, level one is least stable. Levels 12 to 1 provide a full 20 degrees of surface tilt.

3. Patients with extreme weakness or atrophy, especially of the lower extremity, should be closely monitored.
NOTE: The ankle provides a critical source of sensory input, controlling the degree of sway in elderly patients.

4. Repeat bouts of balance training where the joint is displaced nearly to its limits have been shown to increase muscle tone, thus increasing muscle spindle sensitivity and enhancing the somatosensory response.

AUTRES CONSIDERATIONS POUR DES PROGRAMMES DE PREVENTION DE CHUTES
En plus de ce qui précède, les points évoqués ci-dessous doivent être étudiés dans le cadre d’un travail avec des patients dans un programme de prévention de chute.

1. L’utilisation du harnais de soutien est recommandé lors de l’entraînement et de l’évaluation de la stabilité.

NOTA: Le harnais ne sert qu’à aider le patient à atteindre le déficit de stabilité. Le harnais seul ne peut pas prévenir des chutes.

2. Puisque le système de stabilité permet une inclinaison de 20°, démarrer avec une stabilité 8 et avancer en fonction de la tolérance rencontrée.

NOTA: Le niveau 8 est le niveau le plus stable et le niveau 1 est le niveau le moins stable les deux réglages permettent 20°d’inclinaison.

3. Des patients particulièrement faibles ou atrophiées surtout dans les extrémités inférieures doivent être surveillées de près.

NOTA: La cheville fournit une source capitale d’informations sensorielles particulièrement importantes pour les personnes Égées.

4. Des séances répétées d’entraînement de stabilité dans lesquelles l’articulation se déplace proche de ses limites entraînent une augmentation de la tonalité musculaire, une sensibilité améliorée et des réponses somato-sensorielles plus vives.
ORTHOPEDIC AND SPORTS MEDICINE
1. Bilateral Balance Activities
   - Select desired training mode
   - Begin at level 12 or static and progress as tolerated
   - Begin with handrails in the upright position and progress to lowering them
   - Move platform as per training protocol
   - Use ball toss drill to increase eye/hand coordination

2. Unilateral Balance Activities
   - Select desired training mode
   - Begin at level 12 or static and progress as tolerated
   - Begin with handrails in the upright position and progress to lowering them
   - Move platform as per training protocol

3. Bilateral Upper Extremity Activities
   - Place both hands in a north/south, east/west and diagonal position
   - Select desired training mode
   - Begin with a stable platform and progress accordingly
   - Move platform as per training protocol
   - Begin on knees and progress to toes, to one knee, to one foot
   - Progress to unilateral balance, palm centered on the platform

FALL PREVENTION
1. Bilateral Exercises
   - Begin with static level weight shifts
   - Progress to dynamic level (12) weight shifts
   - Use circular grid to demonstrate where tendency to fall occurs
   - Have patient perform both anterior/posterior and medial/lateral exercises

2. Unilateral Exercises
   - Have patient hold platform steady and illustrate how well the patient holds the platform stable
   - Different patterns (circles, anterior/posterior, medial/lateral) to increase strength of the lower extremity

REFERENCE NOTES
1. Caution must be noted when performing this activity. Ensure that the patient has the ability to handle this challenging activity.

2. Ensure proper bilateral stabilization prior to unilateral stabilization.

3. Ensure that patient uses the handrails as needed.

4. Ensure that bilateral and unilateral static stability are adequate prior to progressing to unilateral dynamic stability.

5. The more unstable the platform (eight vs. one) the more challenging the activity will become. Ensure the patient uses the handrails at all times.
NOTE DE RÉFÉRENCE
1. Cette activité doit être entreprise avec précaution. S’assurer que le patient est capable de réaliser l’activité.

2. S’assurer d’une bonne stabilité bilatérale avant de commencer un travail sur la stabilité unilatérale.

3. S’assurer que le patient sait utiliser l’appui correctement.

4. S’assurer que la stabilité bilatérale statique sur une seule jambe est adéquate avant de procéder à la stabilité unilatérale.

5. Plus le plateau est instable (8 équivaut à un réglage plus stable, le réglage 1 équivaut à un niveau moins stable), plus l’activité est difficile à réaliser. S’assurer que le patient utilise l’appui à tout moment.
6. GETTING STARTED

The Biodex Balance System software program is easy to master. Simply follow the screen prompts as they lead you step-by-step through testing and training protocols or software utility options. For each screen, active option keys are highlighted in boldface type. Touch the desired on-screen key to make your selection. Option choices progress logically based on the selections made.

ACCESSING THE MAIN MENU

To access the Balance System Main Menu:
(See Figure 6.1.)

1. Press the <ON/STANDBY> button on the display to turn the Balance System ON. The Main Menu screen should now be displayed. This screen allows the user to select the Training, Testing or Utilities menus.

DISPLAY PANEL BUTTONS DESCRIBED
(See Figure 6.2.)

There are only three buttons located on the Display Panel. These buttons operate as follows:

On/Standby
Located at the bottom left corner of the display panel, the <ON/STANDBY> button is used to turn the system ON or to STANDBY (system is turned ON but display is still OFF).

• For ON, the Balance System Main Menu screen will appear on the display and the foot platform will automatically advance to the fully locked (stable) position if it is not already locked.

⚠️ CAUTION: The foot platform does not automatically lock when the system is turned to STANDBY. Thus, it is recommended that you first bring the platform to the fully locked position by pressing the ON/STANDBY button to set the system to STANDBY.

⚠️ ATTENTION: Le plateau ne roste pas dans la position bloquée en mode d'attente (STANDBY) pour cette raison il faut d’abord bloquer le plateau avant de sélectionner ce mode.

• For STANDBY, the display will turn OFF, all data will be lost, and power to the foot platform will cease.

Start
The <Start> button is used to begin the selected training or testing protocol selected.

Stop
The <Stop> button is used to end the selected training or testing protocol selected.
SCREEN KEYS
The following on-screen touch keys are consistent whenever they appear throughout the entire Balance System SD program.

<HOME>: Touch this key to return to the Main Menu.
<NEXT>: Touch this key to advance to the next logical screen.
<BACK>: Touch this key to return to the previous screen.
<OK>: Touch this key to confirm selections or entries and advance to the next screen.

Figure 6.1. The Balance System Main Menu.

Figure 6.2 The Display Panel Keys.
The training modes provide a simple means of setting up a training or exercise session. Five interactive game-like training modes are provided. These allow for fast patient setups, less formal protocols than the testing routines, and the ability to change stability levels from very unstable to static during the actual training session. All five training modes can be customized to provide specific rehab goals with the on-screen grid and score-keeping functions used to both help motivate users and keep them focused on the task at hand.

In the training modes only the most basic parameters are addressed. Training data cannot be saved, but the print screen function will allow the user to generate a printout of the training results.

Training mode formats include: postural stability, limits of stability, weight shift, maze control and random control as described in the following sections.

Figure 7.1. The Training Menu screen provides access to the Postural Stability, Limits of Stability, Weight Shift, Maze Control and Random Control training modes.
POSTURAL STABILITY TRAINING

(See Figure 7.2.)

The Postural Stability Training mode is designed to emphasize specific movement patterns or strategies by placing markers anywhere on the screen grid. The patient’s score is a tally of how many times the patient can touch targets with the on-screen cursor during any session. Time counts up or down as set.

![Postural Stability Training Screen](image)

Figure 7-2. The Postural Stability Training screen.

To Access The Postural Stability Mode:

1. Position the support handles as per patient protocol.
2. Position the display height and tilt for patient comfort.
3. At the Main Menu, touch <Training>. The Training Menu screen should now be displayed.
4. Touch <Postural Stability>. The Training Setup screen should now be displayed.
5. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Postural Stability Training screen.
6. At the Postural Stability Training screen, touch <Place Target> and then touch the screen location where you would like a target to be placed. Repeat this process to place up to nine targets on the screen.
7. To clear any misplaced or unwanted targets, touch <Clear Target>. Each time this key is pressed, the most recent target added to the screen will be removed.
8. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Postural Stability Training Options screen if desired. Here you can set the total time for the exercise, enter initial and ending platform stability settings, and turn tracing ON/OFF. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Postural Stability Training Options screen, or <Cancel> to return to the Postural Stability Training Options screen without making changes.

- Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the total time in 10-second increments (during the routine the system will count down from the time setting selected).

**NOTE:** Total time must be set before you can set beginning and ending platform stability.

- To set initial platform stability, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable). Touch <OK> to return to the Postural Stability Training Options screen and set the ending platform stability in the same manner.

- To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.

9. At the Postural Stability Training screen touch the <▲> or <▼> keys to select the desired platform stability if not already selected (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable).

10. Explain the training protocol to the patient and then press <Start> on the display to begin the training session. The Stability Training grid on the screen charts the patient’s stability performance through the course of the training session (touch the <Magnifying Glass> to enlarge the screen if desired). The Elapsed Time from the start of the training session is shown at the top right of the display while the stability level is illustrated by a bar graph in the upper right-hand corner. Note that the stability level of the foot platform can be changed at any time during the exercise session.

**NOTE:** If you have selected to enlarge the screen by touching the <Magnifying Glass>, you must return to the normal viewing screen format to make any changes.

**NOTE:** As the patient moves the platform during the training session, a “tracing” feature records the route of the cursor on the grid. This feature can be used to visually illustrate a patient’s positioning throughout the routine, or as a target, i.e., asking the patient to “trace” a letter, square, circle, etc.

11. At any time during the training session, the “tracing” can be erased by pressing <Clear Tracing>.

12. To stop the training session at any time, press <Stop> on the display. The system will stop gathering data and the platform will advance to the locked position.

13. When you are finished reviewing the training screen, touch <Print> to print the screen if desired.

14. After printing or reviewing the screen, press <Start> to immediately begin another training session using the same parameters, or press <Back> to return to the Training Setup screen.
LIMITS OF STABILITY (LOS) TRAINING ROUTINE
(See Figure 7.3.)

The Limits of Stability Training screen is designed to challenge the user to move through a movement pattern consistent with the sway envelope. The sway envelope is that area a person can move their COG within their base of support. It is approximated from vertical as 8 degrees to one side, 8 degrees to the other (total of 16 degrees of sway,) and 8 degrees forward and 4 degrees back (12 degrees total). Limits of Stability training and testing are based on challenging the patient within this sway envelope. Testing is usually done at 75% LOS, which is the moderate skill level. Easy skill level is 50% and hard skill level is 100% of the sway envelop.

Scoring percentage-based and reflects the directional accuracy of the movement to the blinking targets (see Appendix B-1) time counts up.

![Limits of Stability Training Screen](image)

Figure 7.3. The Limits of Stability (LOS) Training Screen.

**To Access The Limits of Stability Training Mode:**

1. Position the support handles as per patient protocol.

2. Position the display height and tilt for patient comfort.

3. At the Main Menu, touch <Training>. The Training Menu screen should now be displayed.

4. Touch <Limits of Stability>. The Training Setup screen should now be displayed.

5. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Limits of Stability Training screen.

6. At the Limits of Stability Training screen, touch <Stance> to toggle through the patient stance positions until the desired choice, right leg, left leg or both legs, is displayed.

7. Touch <Skill Level> to tighten or widen the spread between targets. Three skill levels are available from which to choose. Touch <Skill Level> until the desired target configuration is displayed.
8. If desired, touch <Clear Tracing> to remove any tracing that remains on the screen from a previous exercise session.

9. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Limits of Stability Training Options screen if desired. Here you can set the Limits of Stability Hold Time for the exercise and turn Tracing ON/OFF. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Limits of Stability screen, or <Cancel> to return to the Limits of Stability screen without making changes.

- To set a Limits of Stability Hold Time, use the <▲> or <▼> keys to scroll to the desired setting. Hold times range from .025 to 5 seconds.
- To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.

10. At the Limits of Stability Training screen touch the <▲> or <▼> keys to select the desired platform stability (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable).

11. Explain the training protocol to the patient, then press <Start> to begin the LOS training session. The LOS Training screen reflects the patient’s stability performance through the course of the LOS training session. The Elapsed Time from the start of the training session is shown at the top right of the display while the stability level is illustrated by a bar graph. A running patient score is also provided in the upper right corner. Note that the stability level of the foot platform can be changed at any time during the exercise session.

**NOTE:** If you have selected to enlarge the screen by touching the <Magnifying Glass>, you must return to the normal viewing screen format to make any changes.

12. At any time during the training session, the "tracing" can be erased by pressing <Clear Tracing>.

13. To stop the training session at any time, press <Stop> on the display. The system will stop gathering data and the platform will advance to the locked position.

14. When you are finished reviewing the training screen, touch <Print> to print the screen if desired.

15. After printing or reviewing the screen, press <Start> to immediately begin another training session using the same parameters, or press <Back> to return to the Training Setup screen.
WEIGHT SHIFT TRAINING

(See Figure 7.4)

This training mode allows for exercise in the most basic of activities weight shifting. The patient has the ability to shift weight in medial/lateral, anterior/posterior and diagonal planes. This can be done with both static and dynamic settings. During this training routine the target zone, defined by two parallel lines, can be rotated to any of three positions while the amount of excursion within the target area can be modified to allow for the most limited to most difficult degree of weight shifting. To reposition the target zone hit lines at any time, simply touch the desired line and re-touch the screen where you want the line to be relocated.

Scoring is percentage-based and equals net good hits/total target hits. If you cross the boundary, that counts against the good hit total. All outside boundary hits are subtracted from the total amount of target hits. This value equals the net good hits.

For example: Enter 10 as the # of target hits. There were 4 times the cursor went outside the boundary. 10-4 = 6 good hits. Score = 6/10 or 60%.

For weight shift training the time value always counts up.

NOTE: A wall hit is counted as one hit within the path to the target hit.

To Access The Weight Shift Training Mode:

1. Position the support handles as per patient protocol.
2. Position the display height and tilt for patient comfort.
3. At the Main Menu, touch <Training>. The Training Menu screen should now be displayed.
4. Touch <Weight Shift>. The Training Setup screen should now be displayed.
5. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Weight Shift Training screen.
6. At the Weight Shift Training screen, touch <Rotate Target> to toggle through the three patient target positions until the desired rotation is displayed on the grid.

7. Touch <Skill Level> to enlarge or decrease the target box size. Three skill levels are available from which to choose. Touch <Skill Level> until the desired target configuration is displayed.

8. If desired, touch <Clear Tracing> to remove any tracing that remains on the screen from a previous exercise session.

9. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Weight Shift Training Options screen if desired. Here you can set the total hits for the exercise (default = 60), set platform stability and turn tracing ON/OFF. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Weight Shift Training Options screen, or <Cancel> to return to the Weight Shift Training Options screen without making changes.

• Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the total hits.

NOTE: Total hits must be set before you can set beginning and ending platform stability.

• To set initial platform stability, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable). Touch <OK> to return to the Weight Shift Training Options screen and set the ending platform stability in the same manner.

• To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.

10. At the Weight Shift Training screen touch the <▲> or <▼> keys to select the desired platform stability if not already selected (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable).

11. Explain the training protocol to the patient and then press <Start> on the display to begin the training session. The Stability Training grid on the screen charts the patient’s stability performance through the course of the training session (touch the <Magnifying Glass> to enlarge the screen if desired). The Elapsed Time from the start of the training session is shown at the top right of the display while the stability level is illustrated by a bar graph in the upper right corner. A running patient score is also provided in the upper right corner. Note that the stability level of the foot platform can be changed at any time during the exercise session.

NOTE: If you have selected to enlarge the screen by touching the <Magnifying Glass>, you must return to the normal viewing screen format to make any changes.

12. At any time during the training session, the "tracing" can be erased by pressing <Clear Tracing>.

13. To stop the training session at any time, press <Stop> on the display. The system will stop gathering data and the platform will advance to the locked position.

14. When you are finished reviewing the Weight Shift Training screen, touch <Print> to print the screen if desired.

15. After printing or reviewing the screen, press <Start> to immediately begin another training session using the same parameters, or press <Back> to return to the Training Setup screen.
MAZE CONTROL TRAINING
(See Figure 7.5.)

This mode allows the patient to follow a reproducible pattern of movement throughout a maze in both static and dynamic environments. Three skill levels allow the maze to be modified to create a simple or more difficult environment for the patient to navigate through. Change the platform from static mode to dynamic mode to facilitate progression. Time counts up or down as set.

Scoring is percentage-based on the net good hits/total target hits. If the cursor hits the boundary that hit is subtracted from the total possible amount of good hits.

- Easiest maze has 28 total targets, 14 in each direction
- Moderate has 36 targets, 18 in each direction
- Most difficult has 72 targets, 36 in each direction

In the case of the easiest maze. If the wall is hit 6 times the resulting score will be \( \frac{22}{28} = 78\% \)

To Access The Maze Control Mode:

1. Position the support handles as per patient protocol.
2. Position the display height and tilt for patient comfort.
3. At the Main Menu, touch <Training>. The Training Menu screen should now be displayed.
4. Touch <Maze Control>. The Training Setup screen should now be displayed.
5. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Maze Control Training screen.
6. Touch <Skill Level> to increase or decrease the number of targets displayed on the graph. Three skill levels are available from which to choose. Touch <Skill Level> until the desired target configuration is displayed.

7. If desired, touch <Clear Tracing> to remove any tracing that remains on the screen from a previous exercise session.

8. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Maze Control Training Options screen if desired. Here you can set the total time for the exercise, enter initial and ending platform stability settings, and turn tracing ON/OFF. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Maze Control Training Options screen, or <Cancel> to return to the Maze Control Training Options screen without making changes.

• Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the total hits.

NOTE: Total time must be set before you can set beginning and ending platform stability.

• To set initial platform stability, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable). Touch <OK> to return to the Maze Control Training Options screen and set the ending platform stability in the same manner.

• To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.

9. At the Maze Control Training screen touch the <▲> or <▼> keys to select the desired platform stability if not already selected (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable).

10. Explain the training protocol to the patient and then press <Start> on the display to begin the training session. The Stability Training grid on the screen charts the patient’s stability performance through the course of the training session (touch the <Magnifying Glass> to enlarge the screen if desired). The Elapsed Time from the start of the training session is shown at the top right of the display while the stability level is illustrated by a bar graph in the upper right corner. A running patient score is also provided in the upper right corner. Note that the stability level of the foot platform can be changed at any time during the exercise session.

NOTE: If you have selected to enlarge the screen by touching the <Magnifying Glass>, you must return to the normal viewing screen format to make any changes.

11. At any time during the training session, the "tracing" can be erased by pressing <Clear Tracing>.

12. To stop the training session at any time, press <Stop> on the display. The system will stop gathering data and the platform will advance to the locked position.

13. When you are finished reviewing the Maze Control Training screen, touch <Print> to print the screen if desired.

14. After printing or reviewing the screen, press <Start> to immediately begin another training session using the same parameters, or press <Back> to return to the Training Setup screen.
THE RANDOM CONTROL TRAINING

This training mode allows the patient to perform neuromuscular control activities in random patterns generated by the display and is ideal for motor control and vestibular training. The size and speed of the target can be modified for progressions ranging from easy to difficult. While in static mode the patient can work within their sway envelope to move the cursor and attempt to keep it within the moving target. In dynamic mode the patient must utilize various hip, knee and ankle strategies to manipulate the moving platform’s cursor to within the random moving target.

Scoring is percentage-based and equals the total time inside the circle/total time in and outside of the circle. Time counts up or down as set.

To Access The Random Control Training Mode:

1. Position the support handles as per patient protocol.
2. Position the display height and tilt for patient comfort.
3. At the Main Menu, touch <Training>. The Training Menu screen should now be displayed.
4. Touch <Random Control>. The Training Setup screen should now be displayed.
5. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Random Control Training screen.
6. At the Random Control Training screen, the target circle should be flashing in the center of the stability grid. Touch <Circle Speed > to toggle though the three target circle speeds until the target circle flashes at the desired speed.
7. Touch <Skill Level> to enlarge or decrease the target circle size. Three skill levels are available from which to choose. Touch <Skill Level> until the desired target size is displayed.
8. If desired, touch <Clear Tracing> to remove any tracing that remains on the screen from a previous exercise session.

9. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Random Control Training Options screen if desired. Here you can set the total time for the exercise, enter initial and ending platform stability settings, and turn tracing ON/OFF. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Random Control Training Options screen, or <Cancel> to return to the Random Control Training Options screen without making changes.

- Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the total time in 10-second increments (during the routine the system will count down from the time setting selected).

**NOTE:** Total time must be set before you can set beginning and ending platform stability.

- To set initial platform stability, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable). Touch <OK> to return to the Random Control Training Options screen and set the ending platform stability in the same manner.

- To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.

10. At the Random Control Training screen touch the <▲> or <▼> keys to select the desired platform stability if not already selected (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable).

11. Explain the training protocol to the patient and then press <Start> on the display to begin the training session. The Stability Training grid on the screen charts the patient’s stability performance through the course of the training session (touch the <Magnifying Glass> to enlarge the screen if desired). The Elapsed Time from the start of the training session is shown at the top right of the display while the stability level is illustrated by a bar graph in the upper right corner. A running patient score is also provided in the upper right corner. Note that the stability level of the foot platform can be changed at any time during the exercise session.

**NOTE:** If you have selected to enlarge the screen by touching the <Magnifying Glass>, you must return to the normal viewing screen format to make any changes.

12. At any time during the training session, the "tracing" can be erased by pressing <Clear Tracing>.

13. To stop the training session at any time, press <Stop> on the display. The system will stop gathering data and the platform will advance to the locked position.

14. When you are finished reviewing the Random Control Training screen, touch <Print> to print the screen if desired.

15. After printing or reviewing the screen, press <Start> to immediately begin another training session using the same parameters, or press <Back> to return to the Training Setup screen.
The Biodex Balance System SD allows clinicians to assess a patient’s neuromuscular control in a closed-chain, multi-plane test by quantifying the ability of the patient to maintain dynamic unilateral or bilateral postural stability on either a static or unstable surface. The degree of surface instability is controlled by the system’s microprocessor-based actuator. The clinician selects the test duration, stability level and protocol.

In a dynamic test, once the session begins the patient’s ability to control the platform angle is quantified as a variance from the locked (level) position, as well as degrees of deflection over time. A large variance may be indicative of poor neuromuscular response. Further insight into specific neuromuscular activation patterns is realized with the quantification of anterior/posterior and medial/lateral platform tilt. Predictive Values and Comparative (Bilateral) Reports are available to chart the patient’s performance. Bilateral comparisons quickly document differences between each lower extremity.

Static testing measures the angular excursion of the patient’s center of gravity. Body height must come into play for static measures. A person’s Center of Gravity (COG) is approximately 55% of their height. Based on the selected height an appropriate static measure scaling is applied. Testing in this mode is ideal for baseline testing for movement disorder, vestibular dysfunction and orthopedic patients. Good static testing scores can lead to a progression into dynamic testing and training.

Test formats include Postural Stability, Limits of Stability, Athlete Single Leg, and Fall Risk. Both the Athlete Single Leg and Fall Risk results can be compared to normative data. Postural Stability and Limits of Stability testing are available at variable levels of difficulty. Bilateral reports (comparison of postural stability performance of standing on one leg versus standing on the other) are available in More Options of Postural stability testing.

Figure 8.1. The Testing Menu screen.
THE POSTURAL STABILITY TEST

The Postural Stability Test emphasizes a patient’s ability to maintain center of balance. The patient’s score on this test assesses deviations from center, thus a lower score is more desirable than a higher score.

Platform stability can be varied during a this test by selecting <More Options> from the Postural Stability Testing screen. Clinicians can also set trial time, number of trials, starting and ending platform stability, rest countdowns or bilateral test.

Figure 8.2. The Position Patient screen.

Figure 8.3. The Patient Position screen with patient positions entered.
Figure 8.4. The Postural Stability Testing Options screen.

Figure 8.5. The Postural Stability Testing screen.
PERFORMING A POSTURAL STABILITY TEST
(See Figures 8.2 and 8.6.)

1. Position support handles as per patient protocol.


3. At the Main Menu, touch <Testing>. The Testing Menu screen should now be displayed.

4. Touch <Postural Stability>. The User Setup Information screen should now be displayed.

5. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Name" and enter the patient’s name. Touch <OK> to return to
the User Setup Information screen.

6. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Age" and then enter the patient’s age. Touch <OK> to return to
the User Setup Information screen.

7. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired.
Touch <Next> to advance to the Patient Position screen.

8. Position the patient on the system and explain the test protocol. Press <Start> on the display
to activate the cursor and have the patient move the cursor to the center point on the grid.

9. Touch <Record> to bring up the Position Patient Entry screen. Using the keypads, enter the
patient’s left foot, left heel, right foot and right heel positions using the midline of the foot and
the platform grid as reference points. Touch <Next> to advance to the Postural Stability Testing
screen.

10. At the Postural Stability Testing screen, touch <Stance> to scroll through the three stance
positions provided: left, right or both.

11. Touch <Tracing> to toggle tracing ON or OFF as desired.
12. Touch <Clear Tracing> to clear any tracing that remains from previous tests.

13. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Postural Stability Test Options screen if desired. Here you can set the Test Trial Time, enter initial and ending platform stability settings, enter the number of trials, enter the Rest Countdown, or toggle bilateral comparison to "Yes" or "No." Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Postural Stability Testing screen.

- Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the total time in five-second increments (during the routine the system will count down from the time setting selected).

**NOTE:** Total time must be set before you can set beginning and ending platform stability.

- To set initial or ending platform stability (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable,) touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed. Touch <OK> to return to the Postural Stability Testing Options screen and set the ending platform stability in the same manner.

- To set the number of trials or rest countdown, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed.

- To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.

- To toggle bilateral comparison “Yes” or ”No,” touch <Bilateral Comparison>.

14. Press <Start> to release the platform (if not static) and activate the Postural Stability Test screen.

15. With the patient ready to begin the test, touch <Collect Data>. The screen will provide a three-second countdown before beginning the first of three test trials. The display screen will show Total Trial Time, Platform Setting and Stance to the left of the grid. Trial Number and score are displayed to the right of the grid. If desired, at this point you can touch the <Magnifying Glass> to select the zoom feature. You must, however, leave the zoom feature to make any changes.

**NOTE:** To stop a test in progress at any time and return to the Postural Stability Testing screen with the platform locked, touch <Cancel> or <Stop>.

16. When the first trial is finished, the screen will display "Trial 1 Complete," the platform will return to the locked position, and a 10-second rest countdown will begin for the second trial. Touch <Collect Data> to begin the second test trial and continue in the same manner to complete trials two and three.

17. After completing the test, a "Test Complete" message is displayed. Touch <Results> to advance to the Postural Stability Test Results screen.

**NOTE:** If you have selected Bilateral Test, the system will begin by testing the initial side as set up above. After the third trial on the initial side is finished, touch <Test Other Leg> to continue. The system automatically selects the opposite side and then allows the user to proceed from the Position Patient screen. Repeat steps 8 – 17 to test the opposite side.

18. At the Postural Stability Test Results screen, touch <Print> to automatically generate a printed report if desired. If you have performed a Bilateral Test, the Test Results screen and report will provide a bilateral comparison.

19. To save the test data, touch <Save Results> and then touch <OK> in response to the “Save Results for later reporting or export?” prompt. The system will display "Save Results Completed after the results are saved.

20. To return to the Opening Menu from the Postural Stability Test Results screen touch <Home>.
SUGGESTED TEST PROTOCOL FOR GENERAL POSTURAL STABILITY
BALANCE TESTING

The test protocol most commonly used with the Biodex Balance System is a Dynamic Balance test as follows:

Test Duration: 20 seconds
Stability Level: 8
Stance: Two Leg

Reliability studies have been done for this protocol. In addition, much of the research being presented is at these levels. Three or four trial repetitions should be performed prior to testing at each level. Again, this is supported by research.

The patient’s performance is noted as a stability index. The stability index represents the variance of platform displacement in degrees from level. A high number is indicative of a lot of motion, which is indicative of the patient having trouble balancing. Differences between right and left limbs can be noted.

Orthopedic problems many times present neuromuscular control problems. You will see this by testing single leg involved and uninvolved. Balance training will improve their control.

Geriatric patients can also be tested for excessive sway. The direction of the sway is important with regards to the predisposition of a falls direction. Falling to either side significantly increases the chances of a hip fracture.1,2,3

References:
3. This information was presented in abstract form at the New England Chapter of the American College of Sports Medicine Thursday October 1, 1998. It is titled Stability Performance Assessment Among Subject of Disparate Balancing Abilities. J.A. Finn, M.M. Alvarez, R.E. Jett, D.S. Axtell, D.D. Kemler, Exercise Science Department, Southern Connecticut State University, New Haven, CT.
THE LIMITS OF STABILITY (LOS) TEST

This test challenges patients to move and control their center of gravity within their base of support. During each test trial, patients must shift their weight to move the cursor from the center target to a blinking target and back as quickly and with as little deviation as possible. The same process is repeated for each of nine targets. Targets on the screen blink in random order. Three skill levels allow the targets to be grouped closer together or spread further apart. If desired, single leg LOS test may be performed but no bilateral comparison is provided.

This test is a good indicator of dynamic control within a normalized sway envelope. Poor control, inconsistencies or increased times suggests further assessment for lower extremity strength, proprioception, vestibular or visual deficiencies may be indicated. The default setting for the LOS test is 75% LOS (moderate still level).

References:

Figure 8.7. The Limits of Stability Testing screen.

Figure 8.8. The Limits of Stability Testing Options screen.
PERFORMING A LIMITS OF STABILITY TEST

(See Figures 8.7 and 8.9.)

1. Position support handles as per patient protocol.


3. At the Main Menu, touch <Testing>. The Testing Menu screen should now be displayed.

4. Touch <Limits of Stability>. The User Setup Information screen should now be displayed.

5. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Name" and enter the patient’s name. Touch <OK> to return to the User Setup Information screen.

6. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Age" and then enter the patient’s age. Touch <OK> to return to the User Setup Information screen.

7. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Patient Position screen.

8. Position the patient on the system and explain the test protocol. Press <Start> on the display to activate the cursor and have the patient move the cursor to the center point on the grid.

9. Touch <Record> to bring up the Position Patient Entry screen. Using the keypads, enter the patient’s left foot, left heel, right foot and right heel positions using the midline of the foot and the platform grid as reference points. Touch <Next> to advance to the Limits of Stability Testing screen.

10. At the Limits of Stability Testing screen, touch <Stance> to scroll through the three stance positions provided: left, right or both.

11. Touch <Tracing> to toggle tracing ON or OFF as desired.
12. Touch <Clear Tracing> to clear any tracing that remains from previous tests.

13. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Limits of Stability Test Options screen if desired. Here you can set the number of trials, rest countdown, platform stability and limits of stability hold time. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Limits of Stability Testing screen.

- Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the Limits of Stability Hold Time.

- To set number of trials, rest countdown or platform stability (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable,) touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed.

14. Press <Start> to release the platform (if not static) and activate the Limits of Stability Test screen.

15. With the patient ready to begin the test, touch <Collect Data>. The screen will provide a three-second countdown before beginning the first of three test trials. The display screen will show Test Trial Time, Platform Setting and Stance to the left of the grid. Trial Number and score are displayed to the right of the grid.

**NOTE:** To stop a test in progress at any time and return to the Limits of Stability Testing screen with the platform locked, touch <Cancel> or <Stop>.

16. When the first trial is finished, the screen will display "Trial 1 Complete," the platform will return to the locked position, and a 10-second rest countdown will begin for the second trial. Touch <Collect Data> to begin the second test trial and continue in the same manner to complete trials two and three.

17. After completing the test, a "Test Complete" message is displayed. Touch <Results> to advance to the Limits of Stability Test Results screen.

18. At the Limits of Stability Test Results screen, touch <Print> to automatically generate a printed report if desired. If you have performed a Bilateral Test, the Test Results screen and report will provide a bilateral comparison.

19. To save the test data, touch <Save Results> and then touch <OK> in response to the "Save Results for later reporting or export?" prompt. The system will display "Save Results Completed after the results are saved.

20. To return to the Opening Menu from the Limits of Stability Test Results screen touch <Home>.
ATHLETE SINGLE LEG STABILITY TESTING

The test protocol for the Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing allows clinicians to test athletes against data derived from studies using the Biodex Balance System. The low stability level of four will challenge athletes and provide the data necessary to assess the athlete’s single leg postural stability.

![Figure 8.10. The Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing screen.](image)

![Figure 8.11. The Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing Options screen.](image)
Figure 8.12. A sample Athlete Single Leg Stability Results report.
PERFORMING AN ATHLETE SINGLE LEG STABILITY TEST
(See Figures 8.10 - 8.12.)

1. Position support handles as per patient protocol.


3. At the Main Menu, touch <Testing>. The Testing Menu screen should now be displayed.

4. Touch <Athlete Single Leg Stability >. The User Setup Information screen should now be displayed.

5. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Name" and enter the patient’s name. Touch <OK> to return to the User Setup Information screen.

6. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Age" and then enter the patient’s age. Touch <OK> to return to the User Setup Information screen.

7. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Patient Position screen.

8. Position the patient on the system and explain the test protocol. Press <Start> on the display to activate the cursor and have the patient move the cursor to the center point on the grid.

9. Touch <Record> to bring up the Position Patient Entry screen. Using the keypads, enter the patient’s left foot, left heel, right foot and right heel positions using the midline of the foot and the platform grid as reference points. Touch <Next> to advance to the Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing screen.

10. At the Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing screen, touch <Stance> to toggle between left and right leg positioning.

11. Touch <Tracing> to toggle tracing ON or OFF as desired.

12. Touch <Clear Tracing> to clear any tracing that remains from previous tests.

13. Touch <More Options> to advance to the More Options screen if desired. Here you can set the Test Trial Time, enter initial and ending platform stability settings, enter the number of trials and enter the Rest Countdown. Touch <OK> or confirm your selections and return to the Athlete Single Leg testing screen.

• Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the total time in five-second increments (during the routine the system will count down from the time setting selected).

NOTE: Total time must be set before you can set beginning and ending platform stability.

• To set initial or ending platform stability (static, 12 is most stable, 1 is least stable,) touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed. Touch <OK> to return to the Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing Options screen and set the ending platform stability in the same manner.

• To set the number of trials or rest countdown, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed.

• To turn tracing ON/OFF, touch <Tracing> to toggle between choices.
14. Press <Start> to release the platform (if not static) and activate the Limits of Stability Test screen.

15. With the patient ready to begin the test, touch <Collect Data>. The screen will provide a three-second countdown before beginning the first of three test trials. The display screen will show Test Trial Time, Platform Setting and Stance to the left of the grid. Trial Number and score are displayed to the right of the grid.

**NOTE:** To stop a test in progress at any time and return to the Athlete Single Leg Stability Testing screen with the platform locked, touch <Cancel> or <Stop>.

16. When the first trial is finished, the screen will display “Trial 1 Complete,” the platform will return to the locked position, and a 10-second rest countdown will begin for the second trial. Touch <Collect Data> to begin the second test trial and continue in the same manner to complete trials two and three.

17. After completing the test, a “Test Complete” message is displayed. Touch <Results> to advance to the Athlete Single Leg Stability Test Results screen.

18. At the Athlete Single Leg Stability Test Results screen, touch <Print> to automatically generate a printed report if desired.

19. To save the test data, touch <Save Results> and then touch <OK> in response to the “Save Results for later reporting or export?” prompt. The system will display “Save Results Completed after the results are saved.

20. To return to the Opening Menu from the Athlete Single Leg Stability Test Results screen touch <Home>.

**TEST PROTOCOL FOR ATHLETE SINGLE LEG STABILITY TESTING**

This test protocol can be used to compare patients of similar age ranges in a normative database.

Test Duration: 20 seconds  
Level: Four  
Stance Type: Single leg  
Trials: 3

**References:**

Athlete Single Leg Stability Test results compilation of data from:
PERFORMING A FALL RISK TEST

The Fall Risk test allows identification of potential fall candidates. Test results are compared to age dependent normative data. Scores higher than normative values suggest further assessment for lower extremity strength, proprioception, and vestibular or visual deficiencies.

Previous studies have repeatedly demonstrated that poor balance is a risk factor for falls among elderly subjects. The test protocol incorporated in this system was included to give the clinician normative data to assess their patient’s risk for falling. During testing, the patient undergoes three trials of 20 seconds each at level eight with ten-second rest periods in between each trial. The patient stands bilaterally with feet shoulder width apart over the midline of the board. At the completion of the test a Fall Risk Assessment Report can be printed with a score compared to normative data. Results can also be viewed on the screen.

References:
PERFORMING A FALL RISK TEST

(See Figures 8.13 and 8.15.)

1. Position support handles as per patient protocol.


3. At the Main Menu, touch <Testing>. The Testing Menu screen should now be displayed.

4. Touch <Fall Risk>. The User Setup Information screen should now be displayed.

5. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Name" and enter the patient’s name. Touch <OK> to return to the User Setup Information screen.

6. Touch the <Keypad> icon for "Age" and then enter the patient’s age. Touch <OK> to return to the User Setup Information screen.

7. Touch the appropriate <Height> key to highlight the patient height range setting desired. Touch <Next> to advance to the Patient Position screen.

8. Position the patient on the system and explain the test protocol. Press <Start> on the display to activate the cursor and have the patient move the cursor to the center point on the grid.

9. Touch <Record> to bring up the Position Patient Entry screen. Using the keypads, enter the patient’s left foot, left heel, right foot and right heel positions using the midline of the foot and the platform grid as reference points. Touch <Next> to advance to the Fall Risk Testing screen.

10. At the Fall Risk Testing screen touch <Tracing> to toggle tracing ON or OFF as desired.

11. Touch <Clear Tracing> to clear any tracing that remains from previous tests.
12. Touch <More Options> to advance to the Fall Risk Test Options screen if desired. Here you can set the Test Trial Time, enter the number of trials and enter the Rest Countdown. Touch <OK> to confirm your selections and return to the Fall Risk Testing screen.

- Use the <▲> or <▼> keys to set the Test Trial time in five-second increments (during the routine the system will count down from the time setting selected).

- To set the number of trials or rest countdown, touch the appropriate key and then enter the setting from the keypad displayed.

13. Press <Start> to release the platform (if not static) and activate the Fall Risk Test screen.

14. With the patient ready to begin the test, touch <Collect Data>. The screen will provide a three-second countdown before beginning the first test trial. The display screen will show Test Trial Time and Platform Setting to the left of the grid. Trial Number and score are displayed to the right of the grid.

**NOTE:** To stop a test in progress at any time and return to the Fall Risk Testing screen with the platform locked, touch <Cancel> or <Stop>.

15. When the first trial is finished, the screen will display “Trial 1 Complete,” the platform will return to the locked position, and the rest countdown will begin for the second trial. Touch <Collect Data> to begin the second test trial and continue in the same manner to complete trials two and three.

16. After completing the test, a "Test Complete" message is displayed. Touch <Results> to advance to the Fall Risk Test Results screen.

17. At the Fall Risk Test Results screen, touch <Print> to automatically generate a printed report if desired.

18. To save the test data, touch <Save Results> and then touch <OK> in response to the "Save Results for later reporting or export?" prompt. The system will display "Save Results Completed" after the results are saved.

19. To return to the Opening Menu from the Fall Risk Test Results screen touch <Home>.
TEST PROTOCOL FOR FALL RISK BALANCE TESTING
This test protocol can be used to compare patients of similar age ranges in a normative database.

Test Duration: 20 seconds
Level: Eight
Stance Type: Bilateral

A minimum of three test trials should be used to avoid excessive balance deviations.

The patient’s performance is noted as a stability index. Test results are compared to age dependent normative data. Scores higher than normative values suggest further assessment for lower extremity strength, proprioception and vestibular or visual deficiencies. Poor balance is a major contributor to falls. Strength, particularly high speed, and proprioceptive training have demonstrated positive results in balance improvement.1

NOTE: For information on normative data referenced in the Predictive Values Report, see Appendix C.

References:
Biodex Balance System SD offers reports for each of the five test modes. These can be used to objectively measure and record the patient's ability to stabilize the involved joint under static or dynamic stress. Reports can be generated to reflect single leg, both legs and bilateral comparison testing protocols. Report formats include Postural Stability, Limits of Stability, Athlete Single Leg, and Fall Risk. Both the Athlete Single Leg and Fall Risk Reports offer a comparison to normative data.

Sample reports for each testing mode are provided later in this chapter.

REPORT PARAMETERS DEFINED

The following parameters appear on various reports:

*Stability Level:* Indicates the stability (stiffness) of the foot platform. When "locked", the foot platform is fully stable. A setting of 12 is the most stable "released" setting. A setting of one is the least stable foot platform setting. Stability settings of 12 through one allow the foot platform a full 20 degrees of deflection from level in any direction. For patient centering prior to testing, the foot platform deflection is limited to less than five degrees.

*Overall Stability Index (SI):* Represents the variance of foot platform displacement in degrees, from level, in all motions during a test. A high number is indicative of a lot of movement during a test with static measures; it is the angular excursion of the patient's center of gravity.

\[
\text{DI} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (0 - X)^2 + \sum (0 - Y)^2}{\text{number of samples}}}
\]

Use as a starting point for a perfectly balanced state.

COB x=0; COB y=0 COB is "Center of Balance"

*Anterior/Posterior (AP) Stability Index:* Represents the variance of foot platform displacement in degrees, from level, for motion in the sagittal plane.

\[
\text{Dly} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (0 - Y)^2}{\text{number of samples}}}
\]
Medial/Lateral (M/L) Stability Index: Represents the variance of foot platform displacement in degrees, from level, for motion in the frontal plane.

\[ D_{lx} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (0 - X)^2}{\text{number of samples}}} \]

Mean Deflection: Average position for the patient in all motions throughout the test.

\[ \text{Mean Deflection} = \frac{\sum \|(X_n, Y_n)\|}{n} \]

\[ \|(X_n, Y_n)\| = \sqrt{X_n^2 + Y_n^2} \quad \text{(position vector magnitude)} \]

A/P Mean Deflection: Average position of side-to-side motion for the patient throughout the test.

\[ \text{A/P Mean Deflection} = \frac{\sum Y_n}{n} \quad n = \# \text{ of samples} \]

\[ Y_n = n \text{ th sample} \]

M/L Mean Deflection: Average position for the patient in the frontal plane throughout the test.

\[ \text{M/L Mean Deflection} = \frac{\sum X_n}{n} \quad n = \# \text{ of samples} \]

\[ X_n = n \text{ th sample} \]

Standard Deviation: The amount of variability in the statistical measure. A low standard deviation demonstrates that the range of values from which the mean was calculated were close together.

\[ \text{Standard Deviation} = \frac{\sum \sqrt{(X_n - \bar{X})^2}}{n} \quad n = \# \text{ of samples} \]

\[ X_n = n \text{ th sample} \]

\[ \bar{X} = \text{mean deflection} \]

NOTE: Mean, A/P and M/L Deflections are from the patient’s actual position in contrast to the Stability Index, which is a variance from level as established during the centering patient portion of the test protocol. The resulting scores for Mean, A/P and M/L Deflections are not statistically effected by the centering process.
Percent Time In Zone/Quadrant: These values represent the percentage of test time the patient spends in each Zone/Quadrant during the test.

The Target Zones, A, B, C, and D, are equal to specific ranges of deflection and radiate in concentric circles from the center of the foot platform as follows:

- Zone A = zero to five degrees foot platform deflection from level
- Zone B = six to ten degrees foot platform deflection from level
- Zone C = 11 - 15 degrees foot platform deflection from level
- Zone D = 16 - 20 degrees foot platform deflection from level

Quadrants represent the four quarters of the Test Grid in the X and Y axis as follows:

For the "Both Feet" protocol:
- Quadrant 1 = right anterior
- Quadrant 2 = left anterior

Quadrants represent the four quarters of the Test Grid in the X and Y axis as follows:

For the "Both Feet" protocol:
- Quadrant 3 = left posterior
- Quadrant 4 = right posterior

For the “Single Foot” protocol:
- Quadrant 1 = lateral anterior
- Quadrant 2 = medial anterior
- Quadrant 3 = medial posterior
- Quadrant 4 = lateral posterior

Test Grid: Provides a visual representation of Time Spent in Zone/Quadrant. View is orientated as if patient were looking down at foot platform while facing the display module.

Anterior/Posterior and Medial/Lateral Deflection Graphs: Provides a visual representation of A/P and M/L deflection during the test. View is orientated as if foot platform were positioned at eye level on a horizontal plane. X axis = time and stability level.
SAMPLE BALANCE REPORTS
(See Figures 9-1 –9-6.)

---

Postural Stability Test Results

Name: Anne Ewell
Height: 59.65" Age: 29

Date: 10/20/2005 11:57 AM

Foot Placement

Foot Angle: Right
Heel Position: Dll

Protocol

Platform Setting 12-7
Test Trial Time 20
Test Trials 1

---

Actual STD
Score Dev.

Overall: 2.5 1.52
Anterior/Posterior Index: 1.5 1.43
Medial Lateral Index: 1.5 1.29

% Time in Zone: A 90 B 10 C 0 D 0
% Time in Quadrant: I 34 II 27 III 18 IV 21

---

Comments:

Clinician:

---

9-1: Sample Postural Stability Single Leg Test Report.
**Postural Stability Test Results**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Foot Placement</th>
<th>Left</th>
<th>Right</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foot Angle</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heel Position</td>
<td>d11</td>
<td>d11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Protocol**
- Platform Setting: 8
- Test Trial Time: 20
- Test Trials: 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent Difference</th>
<th>Left Score</th>
<th>Left Dev.</th>
<th>Right Score</th>
<th>Right Dev.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>1.31</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anterior/Posterior</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>1.32</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medial Lateral</td>
<td>-11%</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1.29</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**

**Clinician:**

---

9-2: Sample Postural Stability Bilateral Comparison Test Report.
### Limits of Stability Test Results

**Name:** Alan Heven  
**Height:** 65-73”  
**Age:** 57  
**Date:** 10/20/2005 11:54 AM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Foot Placement</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Protocol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foot Angle:</td>
<td></td>
<td>Platform Setting 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heel Position:</td>
<td>dll</td>
<td>Test Trial Time 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Test Trials 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Time to Complete Test:** 12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Direction Control</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Goal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall:</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward:</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backward:</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right:</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left:</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward/Right:</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward/Left:</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backward/Right:</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backward/Left:</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**

---

**Clinician:**

---

9-3: Limits of Stability Single Leg Test Report (unilateral stance).
### Limits of Stability Test Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Foot Placement</th>
<th>Foot Angle</th>
<th>Heel Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Protocol**
- Platform Setting: 8
- Test Trial Time: 20
- Test Trials: 3

**Time to Complete Test:** 12

**Direction Control**
- Actual: Overall: 62
- Goal: 65
- Forward: 61
- Backward: 59
- Right: 64
- Left: 64
- Forward/Right: 63
- Forward/Left: 59
- Backward/Right: 61
- Backward/Left: 64

**Comments:**

---

**Clinician:**

---

9-4: Limits of Stability Test Report (bilateral stance).
Athlete Single Leg Stability Test Results

Name: Horace Clark
Height: 6'5"-73" Age: 28

Foot Placement
Left: Right
Foot Angle: 5° 5°
Heel Position: e4 e17

Date: 10/20/2005 11:35 AM

Protocol
Platform Setting: A
Test Trial Time: 20
Test Trials: 3

Overall Stability Index: 2.2
Anterior/Posterior Index: 1.2
Medial Lateral Index: 1.0

Actual Score Dev. Normal Score Dev.
2.2 1.41 3.00 1.00
1.2 1.34 3.00 1.00
1.0 0.96 1.00 0.00

Comments:

Clinician:

9-5: Athlete Single Leg Stability Test Report
9-6: Fall Risk Test Report.
ASSESSING LIMITS OF STABILITY WITH THE BIODEX BALANCE SYSTEM

The Limits of Stability (LOS) for standing balance has been defined as the maximum angle a body can achieve from vertical without losing one's balance. Once the LOS is exceeded a fall, stumble or step will ensue. LOS in normal adults is eight degrees anterior, four degrees posterior, and 16 degrees in the lateral direction.

In the static mode the patient’s movements are calculated as the average amount of angular displacement of the Center of Gravity (COG). This is then further defined as a percentage of the patient’s Limits of Stability.

At 100% of the LOS, a patient will fall if they don’t respond appropriately.

Center is established in the test protocol during the centering process where patients must position themselves so the platform is flat and the cursor is centered. In actuality, this process is to position the COG over the point of the vertical ground reaction force.

An Anterior/Posterior Stability Index of 6.8 means the average displacement from center is 6.8 degrees. LOS for A/P motion is 12 degrees. In this case, the patient was able to control their balance to remain within 57% of their A/P LOS.

Balance is a complex process involving visual, vestibular and neuromuscular control. The Biodex Balance System will prove to be a more sensitive test of balance performance because being a dynamic tilting platform it will invoke the neuromuscular control aspects more so than a static force plate type system, as well as the visual and vestibular components.

The Biodex Balance System will provide an accurate, reliable assessment of a patient’s balance performance. This objective measure can be correlated to actual functional activity performance, fall incidence and fall direction. In addition, balance mobility programs can be evaluated through objective assessment of the effects of lower extremity exercise on balance performance.

INTERPRETING PATIENT PERFORMANCE

The patient’s performance is noted in the following ways:

1. **Stability Index:**
The stability index represents the variance of platform displacement in degrees from level. A high number is indicative of a lot of motion which is indicative of the patients having trouble balancing. Differences between right and left limbs can be noted.

2. **Percent Time in Zone Quadrant:**
Example: If a patient with a right lateral ankle sprain spends the vast majority of time in Zone 1, the trend will be to fall into inversion. This gives feedback as to the exact ankle position being challenged.

3. **Test Grid:**
For testing, as the patient goes further and further from the center of axis, the patient is being challenged to sustain proper position. For rehabilitation, we can note how far the patient can deviate from the center and still maintain a proper position.
BALANCE SYSTEM STATISTIC DEFINITIONS

**Stability Index:** Represents the variance of platform displacement in degrees from level. A high number is indicative of the patient having trouble balancing. The patient's Actual Stability Index is represented in the Predictive Values Report (see Figure 22) under the column labeled "Actual Values." The Actual Value can be compared to age related Predictive Value, this is found to the immediate left of the Actual Value under the column labeled "Predictive Values." Should your patient’s Actual Values not fit into the range of the Predictive Values there is a balance problem. Bilateral comparisons can be made to determine progress made during rehabilitation on the Comparative Report (see Figure 9-2).

**Anterior/Posterior Stability Index:** Represents the variance of platform displacement in degrees from level for motion in the sagittal plane.

**Medial/Lateral Stability Index:** Represents the variance of platform displacement in degrees from level for motion in the frontal plane.

**Standard Deviation:** The amount of variability in the statistical measure. A low standard deviation demonstrates that the range of values from which the mean was calculated were close together.
11. SYSTEM UTILITIES

The System Utilities allow users to access the System Configuration and Patient Management screens.

To access the System Utilities, touch <Utilities> on the Main Menu. The System Utilities screen should now be displayed. From here you can select Configuration or Patient Management by touching the desired icon.

CONFIGURATION

(See Figure 11.1 and 11.2.)

At the System Utilities screen, touch <Configuration> and then enter 781 in response to the "Enter Access Code" prompt. Touch <OK>. The Configuration screen should now be displayed. At this screen users can set values for Screen Time Out, Date/Time and Default Settings. You can also turn Tone ON/OFF, adjust LCD brightness or Tone volume, and select Measurement Units, Printer Resolution or Joystick Emulation. When you have finished making all of your selections and adjustments, touch <OK> to return to the Main Menu.

Set Screen Time Out

The Screen Time Out setting determines how long the display screen remains ON when the system is not in use or the test/exercise is completed. Once the selected time expires, the screen fades to black even if the system remains ON.

1. At the Configuration Screen, touch <Set Screen Time Out>. The Set Test/Exercise Complete Screen Time Out screen should now be displayed.

2. Use the <▲> or <▼> arrows to increase or decrease the value displayed in 30-second increments. Time Out range is from 00:00 to 30:00.

3. Touch <OK> to confirm your changes and return to the Configuration screen. Touch <Cancel> to return to the Configuration screen without making any changes.

Set Date/Time

Time and Date are system-wide parameters that show on all printed reports.

1. At the Configuration Screen, touch <Set Date/Time>. The Set System Date/Time screen should now be displayed.

2. Touch the parameter to set so that the selected field is highlighted.

3. Use the <▲> or <▼> arrows to increase or decrease the value displayed for the highlighted parameter.

4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until you have adjusted all the parameters you wish to correct.

5. Touch <OK> to confirm your changes and return to the Configuration screen. Touch <Cancel> to return to the Configuration screen without making any changes.
**Turn Tone ON/OFF**  
This setting enables or disables an audible tone which signals test or exercise start, completion and countdown between trials.

1. At the Configuration screen, simply touch the ON or OFF icon to select the desired setting.

**Adjust LCD Brightness**  
This setting brightens or darkens the display screen for all applications.

1. At the Configuration screen, simply touch along the LCD Brightness Bar Scale until the desired display brightness is achieved. The left end of the scale is darkest, the right end of the scale is lightest.

**Adjust Tone Volume**  
This setting raises or lowers the volume of the audible tone which signals test or exercise start, completion and countdown between trials.

1. At the Configuration screen, simply touch along the Tone Volume Bar Scale until the desired level is achieved. The left end of the scale is least loud, the right end of the scale is most loud.

**Select Measure Units, Printer Resolution or Joystick Emulation**  
All three of these setting are simple toggle choices. Simply touch the desired parameter to view the choices, then touch the setting you want to select.

- Measurer Units: Metric or US
- Printer Resolution: normal or high
- Joystick Emulation: disabled or enabled

**Default Settings**  
At the Default Settings screen, users can set the default Fall Risk Platform setting, adjust Predictive Values, or return these parameters to their original factory-set default values.

To adjust the Fall Risk Platform setting:

1. At the Configuration Screen, touch <Default Settings>. The Default Settings screen should now be displayed.

2. Touch <Platform Setting>.

3. Enter the desired platform setting via the key pad displayed.

4. Touch <Ok> to return to the Default Settings screen.

To Adjust the Predictive Values:

1. At the Configuration Screen, touch <Default Settings>. The Default Settings screen should now be displayed.

2. Touch to highlight the predictive value to you wish to adjust.

3. Use the <▲> or <▼> arrows to increase or decrease the value displayed.
PATIENT MANAGEMENT
(See Figure 11.3.)

At the System Utilities screen, touch <Patient Management > and then enter 781 in response to the “Enter Access Code” prompt. Touch <OK>. The Patient Management screen should now be displayed. This screen shows a listing of patient names and associated saved tests along with the date performed. Use the <▲> or <▼> arrows to scroll through the list of patient tests.

View Test Results
To view the results of any test displayed simply touch the desired entry on the Patient Management screen to produce an on-screen report.

Print Test Results
To print test results for any patient, touch the desired test to generate an on-screen report then touch <Print> to print the test results.

Data Export
To export the results of any saved test, touch <Export Data>. The data will immediately sent to the export program.

Delete Page
Although the Balance System SD display can store up to 1000 test records, you may want to decrease the number of stored records from time to time. To delete any full page display of saved reports, touch <Delete>. Respond <OK> to the delete prompt. The page displayed will be deleted from the display memory. The delete function only works with pages, you cannot select a specific test or patient to delete without deleting every test and patient displayed on the screen.
Figure 11.1. The Configuration screen.
Figure 11.2. System Default Settings.
Figure 11.3. The Patient Management screen.
Clinicians are being reimbursed for the Biodex Balance System under the following CPT codes. The code which best fits often varies with each specific payer. Fees vary from state to state and from payer to payer.

**Test and Measurements**

97750  Physical Performance Test of Measurement with Written Report (each 15 minutes), Balance System generates a report to submit.

**Therapeutic Procedures**

97110  Therapeutic procedure, one or more areas each 15 minutes; therapeutic exercises to develop strength and endurance, range of motion and flexibility.

97112  Neuromuscular Re-education of movement, balance, coordination, kinesthetic sense, posture and proprioception (each 15 minutes).

97530  Therapeutic activities, direct (one-on-one) patient contact by provider, use of dynamic activities to improve functional performance (each 15 minutes).
13. GENERAL MAINTENANCE

The Biodex Balance System requires only the most basic general maintenance, performed on an as-needed basis at least every three to four months.

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS
With the system turned OFF, wipe down all surfaces with a damp cloth. Mild soap and water can be used to remove stains and scuff marks. As needed, inspect all locking and adjustment mechanisms for signs of wear or damage.

If you have any questions or need further assistance, contact the Biodex Customer Service Department.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES
• Lubricate the spring assemblies with white lithium grease.
• Lubricate the eight push plates with white lithium grease.
• Lubricate the acme threaded rods with white lithium grease.

NOTE: When checking for lubrication, it may only be necessary to re-distribute the existing grease.

⚠️ CAUTION! Some steps of these procedure require the Balance System to be turned ON. When this is the case, use extreme caution working on the system.

⚠️ ATTENTION: Certaines étapes de la présente marche à suivre nécessitent que le système d’équilibre soit mis SOUS TENSION. En pareille circonstance, user de précautions extrêmes dans la manipulation du système.
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Rev. 12/28/05
CALCULATION OF LIMITS OF STABILITY DIRECTION CONTROL

DIRECTION CONTROL SCORE % = \( \frac{\text{Straight Line Distance to Target}}{\text{Actual Distance Traveled}} \times 100 \)

WHERE:

![Diagram showing direction control score calculation]

OVERALL DIRECTION CONTROL SCORE = \( \sum_{i=1}^{8} \) (DLOS Scores) / 8

or the Average of all the eight Targets
NORMATIVE DATA REFERENCED IN FALL RISK

The following pertains to the Predictive Values noted on the Balance System Predictive Values Report.

Testing Parameters

• Level eight
• Bilateral stance
• Eyes open
• 20 seconds
• Five Trial reps
• 30-second rest period between sets

Subjects

• 106 males and 84 females were tested
• Ages ranged from 17-89 years

Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group 1 (N=31)</th>
<th>Group 2 (N=44)</th>
<th>Group 3 (N=78)</th>
<th>Group 4 (N=47)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17-35 yrs.</td>
<td>36-53 yrs.</td>
<td>54-71 yrs.</td>
<td>72-89 yrs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X=1.54</td>
<td>X=2.13</td>
<td>X=2.57</td>
<td>X=2.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s.d.=0.72</td>
<td>s.d.=0.90</td>
<td>s.d.=0.78</td>
<td>s.d.=0.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Young subjects were more stable than older subjects.

Reference:
This information was presented in abstract form at the New England Chapter of the American College of Sports Medicine Thursday October 1, 1998. It is titled Stability Performance Assessment Among Subject of Disparate Balancing Abilities. J.A. Finn, M.M. Alvarez, R.E. Jett, D.S. Axtell, D.D. Kemler, Exercise Science Department, Southern Connecticut State University, New Haven, CT.
REPLACEMENT PARTS

MOTOR AND BRACKET ASSEMBLY

- CO8897 GEAR, SPUR, 19 T (1) REQ'D
- CO8047 WASHER LOCK, 1/4
- CO9862 SCR. HEX HD. 1/4-20 X 5/8 (4) REQ'D
- CO8001 LOCTITE BLUE A/R
- 945-110-M452 LONG SQUARE KEY (1) REQ'D
- CO8096 SCR, SET CUP, 10-32UNF x 1/8 LG (4) REQ'D
- CO8001 LOCTITE BLUE REF.
- 950-300-M355 MODIFICATION, #25 SPROCKET 19T (1) REQ'D
- 945-300-W200 MOTOR BRKT WELDMENT (1) REQ'D
- 950-300-E714 MOTOR, BALANCE DEVICE (1) REQ'D